



Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to OSHA CFR 29 1910.1200 and aligns to the United Nations Globally Harmonized System
Conforms to The United Nations Regulation Globally Harmonized System
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II – Europe
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Conforms to the Australian Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals under section 274 of the Work Health and Safety Act

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Ethanol Shield

B3C Fuel Solutions LLC, 108 Daytona Street, Conway, SC 29526, 919-267-0830

Recommended Use: Fuel system treatment

RESTRICTIONS on USE

THIS STABILIZER

IS FOR

GASOLINE ENGINES ONLY

Emergency Response Number: CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

International Emergency Telephone Number: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS HAZARD

Hazard Classes

Hazard Categories

Flammable liquid/vapor

Category 4

Eye Irritation

Category 2A

Skin Irritation

Category 2

Specific Target Organs toxicity single exposure

Category 3

Specific Target Organs repeated exposure

Category 2

Acute Toxicity (Oral)

Category 4

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)

Category 3

Acute Toxicity (Dermal)

Category 4

Signal Word: Danger

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Toxic

Irritant

Health

Pictograms:

Hazard Statements

PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H227: Combustible liquid and vapor

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H301: Toxic if swallowed
H315: Causes skin irritation
H312: Harmful in contact with skin
H319: Causes serious eye irritation
H331: Toxic if inhaled
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

P102: Keep out of reach of children
P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210: Keep away from sparks and open flames- No smoking
P260: Do not breathe vapors
P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection

RESPONSE STATEMENTS:

P301 +310+ P331: IF SWALLOWED: USA Immediately call the National POISON CENTER at **800-222-1222**. OUTSIDE USA Immediately call poison center or doctor. **DO NOT induce vomiting**
P303+P361+353: IF ON SKIN Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water
P304+340: IF INHALED, Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351: IF IN EYES rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes
P306+P361: IF ON CLOTHING, Take off contaminated clothing
P370: In case of fire use foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical to extinguish fire
P376: Stop leaks if safe to do so. See section 6 for proper clean up

STORAGE STATEMENTS:

P403: Keep Cool Store in a well-ventilated place

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DISPOSAL STATEMENTS:

P501: Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national or international regulations

Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

| CAS# | EC# | Chemical Names | Percent | Other Identifiers |
|------------|-----------|---|------------|---|
| 111-76-2 | 203-905-0 | 2-Butoxyethanol | 94 -97% | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether |
| 73398-61-5 | 277-452-2 | Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl | 2 - 3% | Caprylic-Capric Acid |
| 128-37-0 | 204-881-4 | 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | .75 – 1.6% | None |
| 6683-19-8 | 229-722-6 | Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate) | .20 - .30% | Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate) |
| 29385-43-1 | 249-596-6 | Tolyltriazole | .05-.1% | 1H-Benzotriazole,4-methyl |

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eye: Contact with the eyes can cause serious irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain and redness. Severe overexposure can result in swelling of the conjunctiva along with tissue damage.

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Prolonged and repeated liquid contact can cause defatting and drying of the skin and can lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Skin: Flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: Liquid ingestion can cause inebriation, headache, gastrointestinal pain, nausea, and vomiting leading to central nervous system depression. Aspiration of liquid into the lungs must be avoided as even small quantities in the lungs can produce chemical pneumonia, pulmonary edema and even death.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical aid immediately.

Inhalation: Prolonged breathing of high vapor concentrations can produce headache, dizziness, nausea, and impaired vision. Excessive overexposure can cause central nervous system depression, loss of consciousness, liver damage and death resulting from respiratory failure.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult and **IF TRAINED**, give oxygen. Get medical aid. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation without protection.

After first aid, get appropriate paramedic, or community medical support.

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Note to Physicians: The severity of outcome following ingestion may be more related to the time between ingestion and treatment, rather than the amount ingested. Therefore, there is a need for rapid treatment of any ingestion exposure.

Section 5 - Fire-Fighting Measures

General Fire Hazards

Use water to cool containers exposed to fire

Hazardous Combustion Products

Avoid fumes of burning product.

Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog

Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions Large fires evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance or protected location. Approach fire from upwind to avoid exposure to this material and its toxic decomposition products. Wear full protective gear if exposure is possible.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Spill /Leak Procedures: Ventilate area. Wear adequate protective equipment. Spillages of liquid product will create a fire hazard and may form an explosive atmosphere. Keep all sources of ignition away from the spill.

Spills: Avoid direct contact with material. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers or waterways. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material such as sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in a container for disposal.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling Precautions: Keep away from ignition sources such as heat, sparks and open flames NO SMOKING Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Non sparking tools should be used. Wear protective gloves, clothing and eye protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death.

Storage Requirements: Store in original manufacture container tightly closed container in a cool, dry and well-ventilated area.

Chemical Incompatibilities: Strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

| Chemical Names | ACGIH- TLV | OSHA - PEL |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 25 ppm | *50 ppm |
| Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl | Not Established | Not Established |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | 2 mg/m ³ | *10 mg/m ³ |
| Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate) | Not Established | Not Established |
| Tolyltriazole | Not Established | Not Established |

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STEL = Short-term Exposure Limit.

ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. TLV® = Threshold Limit Value.

OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PEL = Permissible Exposure Limits.

NOTE: TWA Means "TWA is the employee's average airborne exposure in any 8-hour work shift of a 40-hour work week which shall not be exceeded."

*Listed on the OSHA Z1 Table

Ventilation: Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below TLV/PELs Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into the work area by controlling it at its source.

Contaminated Equipment: Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes and launder before reuse. Remove this material from your shoes and clean personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use. Select gloves tested to the **ANSI/ISEA 105-2011** or European EN374 Standard.

Full contact: Nitrile rubber

Splash contact: Nitrile rubber

This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Eye protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Protective Clothing Pictograms



Splash Goggles



Gloves



Protective Apron



Vapor Respirator

A respirator is not needed under normal conditions of product use

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Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid
Appearance: Various
Odor: Petroleum solvent order
Vapor Pressure: 329.9 mmHg@21°C
Vapor Density (Air=1): .4.1
Specific Gravity (H2O=1,): 0.90 @ 68°F / 20°C
pH: None

Water Solubility: Soluble
Flash Point: 159°F (76°C) closed cup
Boiling Point: 366°F (169°C)
Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): 1%
Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air): 10%
Melting Point: 103°F (75°C)
Viscosity: 3.26 mPa.s at 20 deg C
Auto ignition Temperature: Not Available

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization has not been reported.

Chemical Incompatibilities: Strong oxidizing agents and Perchloric Acid

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Peroxides

Conditions to Avoid: Temperatures above 62°C, heat, sparks, open flames, other ignition sources.

Corrosivity to Metals: Attacks some stainless steels, Light metals giving off hydrogen

Corrosivity to Non-Metals: Attacks some plastics, like chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyethylene terephthalate, high-density polyethylene, and ethylene vinyl acetate; elastomers, like Viton (FKM), nitrile Buna-N (NBR), chloroprene, isoprene, natural rubber, polymethacrylate (acrylic) and silicone; and coatings, such as coal tar epoxy, epoxy general purpose and epoxy chemical resistant.

Section 11- Toxicological Information

| Product Name | Results | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Oral LD50 | Rat | 530 mg/kg | 4 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Inhalation LC50 | Rat | 925 ppm | 4 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Dermal LC50 | Rabbit | 500 mg/kg | Non Listed |
| Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl | Oral LD50 | Rat | >5,000 mg/kg | Non Listed |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | Oral LD50 | Rat | 890 mg/kg | Non Listed |
| Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate) | Oral LD50 | Rat | Not Established | Not Established |
| Tolyltriazole | Oral LD50 | Rat | 675 mg/kg | Non Listed |
| Tolyltriazole | Inhalation LC50 | Rat | 1.7 mg/l | 1 hour |
| Tolyltriazole | Dermal LC50 | Rabbit | >4,000 mg/kg | Non Listed |

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The calculated Acute Toxicity Estimate Value (ATE) for this mixture:

ATE oral = 554 mg/kg

ATE dermal = 500 mg/kg

ATE inhalation (vapors) = 925 ppm

Route of Entry: Inhalation, Ingestion, Absorption, Skin and/or Eye Contact

Aspiration Hazard: None

Inhalation Hazard: Toxic if inhaled

Ingestion Hazard: Toxic if swallowed

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs Blood, Kidneys, Liver Central nervous system (i.e. brain, spinal cord).

Signs and Symptoms: Effects of overexposure can include cause headache, nausea, dizziness, vomiting, drowsiness, incoordination and confusion. Symptoms may be delayed.

Carcinogenicity:

| Chemical Name | IARC | ACGIH | NTP | OSHA |
|---|---|--|------------|------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 3 not classifiable as a carcinogenicity to humans | A3 - Confirmed animal with unknown relevance to humans | Not listed | Not Listed |
| Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl | Not listed | Not Listed | Not listed | Not Listed |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | Not listed | Not Listed | Not listed | Not Listed |
| Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate) | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed |
| Tolyltriazole | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed |

Section 12 - Ecological Information

| Product Name | Results | Species | Exposure |
|---|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | LC220 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | EC50 1,815 mg/l. | Daphnia | 24 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | LC50 900 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl | LC50 >100 mg/L | Fish | 96 hours |
| Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl | EC50 >100 mg/L | Algae | 72 hours |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | LC50 5.3 mg/l | Fish | 48 hours |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | EC50 1.44 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate) | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |

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| | | | |
|---------------|----------------|---------|----------|
| Tolyltriazole | LC50 65 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| Tolyltriazole | EC50 35.4 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| Tolyltriazole | EC50 32 mg/L | Algae | 72 hours |

Toxicity: These substances is not regarded as toxic to aquatic organisms

Mobility: Floats on water, absorbs into soil and has low mobility.

Persistence/degradability: Oxidizes rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulation: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: DO NOT REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER! Container should be completely emptied prior to discard. Container with residues should be considered to be hazardous wastes. Contact a licensed contractor for detailed recommendations. Follow applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

| Regulatory Information | UN # | Proper Shipping Name | Hazard Class | PG | Label | Additional Information |
|---------------------------|------|----------------------|--------------|----|-------|------------------------|
| DOT Classification | | Not Regulated | | | | |
| TDG Classification | | Not Regulated | | | | |
| RID/ARD Classification | | Not Regulated | | | | |
| IMDG Classification | | Not Regulated | | | | |
| ICAO/IATA Classification | | Not Regulated | | | | |
| Australian Classification | | Not Regulated | | | | |

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US Regulations:

TSCA: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, Tolyltriazole

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs: None

SARA Community Right-to-Know Program: None

Clean Water Act: None

Clean Air Act: None

OSHA: All ingredients are listed in 1910.1200

State Regulations

California prop. 65: None

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Chemicals on the following State Right to Know Lists:

Massachusetts: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, Tolyltriazole

New Jersey: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, Tolyltriazole

Pennsylvania: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, Tolyltriazole

Canadian Regulation

WHMIS Classification: 2-Butoxyethanol

B3 - Flammable and combustible material - Combustible liquid

D1A - Poisonous and infectious material - immediate and serious effects - Very toxic

D2B - Poisonous and infectious material - Other effects - Toxic



B3 - Combustible Liquid



D1A - Very Toxic



D2B - Toxic

WHMIS Health Effects Criteria Met by this Chemical:

D1A - Acute lethality - very toxic - immediate

D2B - Eye irritation - toxic - other

D2B - Skin irritation - toxic - other

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List: Meets criteria for disclosure at 0.1%.

The following substances are specified on the public Portion of the Domestic Substances List (DSL): 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, 2, 6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3, 5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate), Tolyltriazole

Europe Regulations:

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

Europe inventory: 2-Butoxyethanol



EC Symbols

EC Classification: Danger

EC Risk Phrases:

R20/21/22: Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

EC Safety Phrases:

S2: Keep out of the reach of children.

S36/37: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S46: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

International Regulations:

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substance: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, 2, 6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3, 5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate), Tolyltriazole

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National Existing Chemical Inventory in Taiwan: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, 2, 6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3, 5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate), Tolyltriazole

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, 2, 6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3, 5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate), Tolyltriazole

China Existing Chemical Inventory: 2-Butoxyethanol, Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl, 2, 6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3, 5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate), Tolyltriazole

Section 16 - Other Information

Disclaimer: The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER NO responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above is furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use.

SDS Preparation Date 1/7/2014

SDS Previous issue Date: None

Prepared by SJC Compliance Education, Inc.

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