

Annule et remplace :  
Edition : 8  
Date : 29/07/2015

**BUTANE AND MIXTURES**

Saint Genis Laval  
Edition : 9  
Date : 30/03/16

**Specific risk: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE**
**1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING**

Name : Butane, Super butane, Butane-Propane mix, Performance, Extreme, Hyperperformance  
Intended use : Fuel  
Nature: LPG : liquefied petroleum gas  
Presentation/Packaging : Containers conform to existing regulation.

Container type	Gas contained			
	Butane	Butane-Propane	Mixture Butane-Propane / Performance	Hyperperformance / Extreme
<b>CYLINDERS</b>				
Campingaz 901 -904 -907	X			
<b>CARTRIDGES</b>				
Campingaz GT 106 (90 g)		X		
Campingaz C206 (190 g)	X	X		
Campingaz CV206 (190 g)		X		
Coleman C190 (190 g)		X		
Coleman C190 GLS (190 g)		X		
Campingaz C206GLS	X			
Campingaz C206GLS Super		X		
Campingaz CT200		X		
Coleman C100 (97 g)			X	
Coleman C250 (220 g)			X	
Coleman C500 (440 g)			X	
Campingaz CV270 (230 g)	X	X		
Campingaz CV270 Plus (230 g)	X	X		
Campingaz Theophilos (240 g)	X			
Campingaz CV300 Plus (240g)		X		
Campingaz CV360 (52 g)	X			
Campingaz CV470 (450 g)	X	X		
Campingaz CV470 Plus (450 g)	X	X		
Campingaz CG1750 (170 g)			X	
Campingaz CG3500 (350 g)			X	
Campingaz CP250 (250 g)	X			
Campingaz CP250 & CP250 SP (220 g)	X			
Campingaz El Greco CV470 (450g)	X			
Campingaz El Greco CV470 plus (450g)	X			
Taymar-Campingaz T 1750 (170 g)			X	
Taymar-Campingaz T 3500 (350 g)			X	
Taymar-Campingaz RF 80 (185 g)	X			
Taymar-Campingaz RF 89 (277 g)	X			
Taymar-Campingaz RF 90 (350 g)	X			
Instaflam 190 (190g)	X			
Instaflam 190 GLS (190g)	X			
Flama 190 (190 g)	X			
Campingaz CG1750 HY (170 g)				X

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Campingaz CG3500 HY (350 g)				X
Campingaz CG3500 GA (350 g)			X	
Coleman C300 Performance (240g)			X	
Coleman C100 Extreme (97 g)				X
Coleman C300 Extreme (230g)				X
Coleman C500 Performance (240g)			X	

Supplier : APPLICATION DES GAZ,  
Address : Route de Brignais, 69563 ST GENIS LAVAL FRANCE  
Phone : + 33 (0) 4 78 86 88 94  
Fax : + 33 (0) 4 78 86 88 84  
E-mail : info@coleman.eu

Emergency telephone number. 112

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Labelling SGH regulationy (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) :



#### Signal Word

Danger

#### Hazard Statement:

H220-Extremely flammable gas

#### Precautionary Statement:

P102- Keep out of reach of children.

P210- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking..

P377- Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381- Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

P403- Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Labelling according directive 67/548/CE, 19999/45/CE et leurs adaptations.

#### Dangerous preparation labelling

#### Symbols:

Danger phrase

Security phrases

F+: Extremely flammable.

R12: Extremely flammable.

S2 Keep out of reach of children

S9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking



Butane and its mixtures are manufactured, stored, transported and distributed under pressure in liquefied form. In normal conditions, they remain in sealed systems up until their final destruction by combustion (use), and are therefore never handled directly.

The continual confinement of these gases is of utmost importance. Nevertheless, certain special precautions are recommended to prevent or deal with their accidental release into the atmosphere, i.e. a leak.

#### Physical and chemical properties

#### **extremely flammable**

In the event of a leak, as gas is heavier than air, it has a tendency, in the absence of ventilation, to accumulate at the lowest possible levels.

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The intense heating of a container can cause it to rupture, allowing the product to escape; the ignition of vapour can give rise to deflagration or explosion.

### Health hazards

**in gaseous state**, breathing in highly concentrated vapours can cause drowsiness, intoxication, narcosis and in extreme cases, coma through the rarefaction of oxygen.  
**In liquid state**, it can cause cold burns. in particular in the event of projection

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Nature: Preparation  
Description: Hydrocarbon mixtures mainly containing butanes, butenes, propane and propane, odorised by mercaptan.

Name	Concentration	N° CAS	N° EINECS	No Index	Registry number	Classification
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>3-4</sub> -rich, petroleum distillate	100%	68512-91- 4	270-990-9	649-083-00-0	Exempted From registration CE1907/2006 – annexe V	Flam Gas 1 H220 (CE 1272/2008) F+; R12 ( 67/548/CEE & 1999/45/CE

Note 1: The product is exempted from pre registration and registration (Annex V (2)(7)(b).of Regulation 1907/2006

### 4. FIRST AID

In the event of serious accidents, call a doctor or request emergency medical assistance.

Inhalation: Symptoms are mainly: headache, dizziness, narcotic effect and loss of consciousness in case of asphyxiation:

The subject should be taken outdoors and kept in a resting position. If suffering from respiratory difficulties or loss of consciousness, call a doctor immediately and administer respiratory assistance.

Skin: Rinse thoroughly with cold water. Remove contaminated clothing and eventually: rings, watch, bracelet; leave in place if these objects and clothing stick to the skin. Try to heat slowly the parts reached. For the significant cases call a doctor immediately

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 10 min keep the eye protected and consult a specialist.

Inflammation of clothing: Hose down with water.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point: lower than -50°C

Extinguishing means: Recommended: powder, CO2, spraying with water in certain cases.

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Specifics dangers	<p>Advised: hosing with a concentrated stream of water Ineffective: foam</p> <p>incomplete combustion creates toxic CO the inhalation of which is particularly hazardous.</p>
Extinction.	It is dangerous to put out a flame if the leak cannot be completely stopped.
Protection of stocks:	<p>As soon as a firebreaks out, evacuate all exposed flammable materials and LPG containers. Thoroughly cool by spraying with water all containers that cannot be evacuated. Do not hose down with a concentrated stream of water.</p>
Container fire:	<p>If a container that is connected to an appliance catches fire, do not throw or turn it upside-down, as this can only exacerbate the problem (spilling of liquid gas or container rupture). Never tip a container on fire. Keep people away.</p> <p>Try to close the valve, protecting your hands and forearms with a wet cloth. If possible, take the container outside without lying it down.</p>
Protecting of rescuers	<p>Protect personnel with fire protective clothing, copious quantities of water spray or fireproof wall. Do not enter enclosed or confined space without proper protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus</p>

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Gas or liquid leak	<p>Avoid contact of the liquefied gas with the skin Do not stay in the vapour cloud (butane air mixtures). But Place you behind the source.</p>
In case of leaks in a closed room	<p>Thoroughly air out the room Keep away from all sources of ignition; avoid all electrical switching. Block off allow-level openings in close proximity (vent holes, drain holes) Keep people away Call on specialised emergency assistance</p>
Container	If the leak cannot be stopped by closing the valve, take the container outdoor, avoiding any impact and dispose it in a safe area without turning it upside-down.

**7. Handling and storage**

Handling	<p>Follow the instructions enclosed with the appliance and those indicated on the containers. Always use in a well-ventilated area to allow for the evacuation of fumes and products of combustion (CO, CO2) Do not smoke. Use exclusively with suitable appliances (indication on containers). Always use the containers in the upright position. Close container after each use. Odourisation allows a 0.5% gas content in the air to be detected If the smell of gas is detected, search for the leak with soapy water before using the appliance. Never look for a leak with a naked flame. Never refill an empty container.</p>
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Do not heat containers.

### Storage

According to quantities product nature store, observe the regulations in force. In large quantities, the storage can depend of the specific regulations. Store in well ventilated are, away from all sources of heat and ignition. Do not expose containers to a temperature exceeding 50°C/120°F. Do not store below floor level (basement or cellar, for example). Store away from low-level points where vapours can accumulate Do not store in a vehicle (heating by the sun). Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents and keep away from combustible materials. Use exclusively Non-refillable container intended to butane and comply with regulation. Use only electrical equipment adapted (explosion proof) in the danger zones.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

All works on installations of butane shall only be made by specially trained people and according adapted instructions.

### Personal Protective Equipment

Head protection: Use a helmet like for the operations of loading/unloading or storage.  
Eyes protection: Goggles or safety glasses, to protect eyes from exposure to liquid.  
Hands protection: Protective gloves against cold  
Skin protection: Clothing fireproofed and avoiding electrostatic charges

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Liquid in the container, Gaseous at atmospheric pressure  
Colour: In gaseous state: Colourless  
In liquid state: Colourless  
Odour: Characteristic  
Auto-ignition temperature: higher than 400°C  
Flammability limits lower: approx. 1.5% Upper: approx. 8.8%  
Flash point: lower than -50°C

	Butane	Super butane	Mixture Butane-Propane / Performance	Hyperformance / Extreme
Boiling To under 1 atm. approx.	-3°C	-18°C	-23°C	- 27°C
Relative vapour pressure (bar)max. at 15°C approx	2,05	2.32	2.69	3.45
Relative vapour pressure (bar)max. at 50°C approx	6.9	7.5	8.3	10
Density (liquid at 50°C) kg/l min.	0.525	0.513	0.500	0.482
Density/air (T° = 15°C, P =1 atm) approx.	2.01	1.95	1.89	1.84

Solubility: Slightly soluble in water

Butane evaporation: 1L of liquide butane got up to atmospheric pressure generates a volume of vapor about 230 L.

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**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability	Product stable in normal conditions of use
Decomposition product	No known decomposition products
Dangerous reaction	Explodes or catches fire when exposed to heat or a source of ignition. Combustion products include nitrogen, carbonic gas and water vapour. Carbon monoxide (toxic) is released during bad combustion.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Severe toxicity	Inapplicable. LPGs are kept in closed containers until their destruction by combustion. The greatest danger is the ignition of vapours in the air following an accidental leak. Breathing in highly concentrated vapours could result in drowsiness, intoxication or narcosis and, in extreme cases, coma. In the event of incomplete combustion, the ensuing release of carbon monoxide can cause dizziness, headaches, loss of muscular mobility and coma.
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**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

As they evaporate instantly and are only slightly soluble in water, LPGs present no known environmental hazards. Gas accidentally released into the atmosphere is rapidly diluted and undergoes photochemical decomposition.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

As containers of LPGs always contain flammable vapours, never pierce or burn a Non-refillable container, even when empty.  
Emptying a container from liquefied gas shall only be made by specially trained people and according adapted instructions.  
Observe the regulations in force on waste for the disposal of empty Non-refillable container.

Packaging materials	
CV 360,	: aluminium
Other Non-refillable container materials	: steel sheet
Refillable cylinders	: steel

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**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

For transport of private use, respect the instructions written on the container, like do not store containers in a vehicle heat by the sun.

All containers meet the requirements of the transport regulations.  
For transporting large quantities, follow the applicable safety regulations (road, sea, air).

**ROAD:** United Nations regulations (UN) - **ADR**

Product	N° ONU	Mixture	Designation	Class	Danger code	Hazard Class
Cylinders	1965	A01	Hydrocarbon gas mixture, liquefied, N.O.S	2,2°F	23	2.1
Gas cartridges	2037	-	Receptacles, small containing gas	2,5°F	23	2.1

- Transport Category 2

**Additional information: cartridges may be transported as limited quantities (LQ).**

- Limited quantity (LQ) : 1L
- transportation mode **according** chapter 3.4 ADR

**RAIL:** Convention concerning International Carriage by Rail (COTIF) - **RID**

Product	N° ONU	Designation	Class	Danger code	Hazard Class
Cylinders	1965	Hydrocarbon gas mixture, liquefied, N.O.S	2,2°F	23	2,1
Gas cartridges	2037	Receptacles, small containing gas	2,5°F	23	2,1

**Additional information: cartridges may be transported as limited quantities (LQ).**

- Limited quantity (LQ) : 1L
- transportation category : 2
- transportation mode **according** : according regulatory

**SEA:** International Maritime Dangerous Goods (OMI) **IMDG**

Product	N° ONU	Designation	Class	Danger label	Safety sheet N°	N° table GSMU
Cylinders	1965	Hydrocarbon gas mixture, liquefied, N.O.S	Class 2.1	2.1	2-07	310
Gas cartridges	2037	Receptacles, small containing gas	Class 2.1	2.1	2-07	620

- Transport Category 2

**Additional information: cartridges may be transported as limited quantities (LQ).**

- Limited quantity (LQ) : 1L
- transportation mode **according** chapter 3.4 IMDG

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**Air:** International Air Transport Association - **IATA**

Product	N° ONU	Designation	Class	Danger label	Passenger plane	Cargo plane
Cylinders	1965	Hydrocarbon gas mixture, liquefied, N.O.S	Class 2.1	2.1	Limited	Limited
Gas cartridges	2037	Receptacles, small containing gas	Class 2.1	2.1	Limited	Limited

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Domestic premises: refer to national regulations

Caravans: refer to national regulations

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Use only for the applications and with the appliances indicated on the containers

Before using this product for an experience or a new application, read carefully the instructions indicated on the container or the appliance, to know the compatibility and the safety rules.

The regulation data and advice given are there to help the consumer to follow his regulatory obligations and describe any precautions, which should be taken. But this prescription cannot be considered like exhaustive.

The user has to ensure that national, international or local regulations are observed.

Safety data sheet established in application of Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

European Regulation EC N° 1907/2006. All information contained in this sheet is based on our knowledge. This data sheet supplements the instructions include with the product, but don't replace them.

Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting its use can be accepted.

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V7.1 5/12/2014- New sentence P220.